#### DISTRICT COURT OF GUAM TERRITORY OF GUAM

#### WAIVER OF SERVICE OF SUMMONS

RE:	Caption of Action: Case Number:	Nanya Technology Corp. v. Fujitsu Limited et al. 06-25
ro:	·	Fujitsu Microelectronics America, Inc. (Name of Plaintiff's Attorney or Unrepresented Plaintiff)

I acknowledge receipt of your request that I waive service of a summons in the action stated above, which was filed in the United States District Court for the District of Guam. I have also received a copy of the complaint in the action, two copies of this Instrument, and a means by which I can return the signed waiver to you without cost to me.

I agree to save the cost of service of a summons and an additional copy of the complaint in this lawsuit by not requiring that I (or the entity on whose behalf I am acting) be served with judicial process in the manner provided by Rule 4.

I (or the entity on whose behalf I am acting) will retain all defenses or objections to the lawsuit or to the jurisdiction or venue of the Court except for objections based on a defect in the summons or in the service of the summons.

I understand that a judgment may be entered against me (or the party on whose behalf I am acting) if an answer or motion under Rule 12 is not served upon you within 60 days after the date the request was sent, which was October 16, 2006, or within 90 days after that date if the request was sent outside the United States.

Date	Signature
	Printed/Typed Name
	For Defendant

#### Duty to Avoid Unnecessary Costs of Service of Summons

Rule 4 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure requires certain parties to cooperate in saving costs of service of the summons and complaint. A defendant located in the United States who after being notified of an action and asked by a plaintiff located in the United States to waive service of a summons, fails to do so will be required to hear the cost of such service unless good cause be shown for its failure to sign and return the waiver.

It is not good cause for a failure to waive service that a party believes that the complaint is unfounded or that the action has been brought in an improper place or in a court that lacks jurisdiction over the subject matter of the action or over its person or property. A party who waives service of the summons retains all defenses and objections (except any relating to the summons or to the service of the summons), and may later object to the jurisdiction of the Court or to the place where the action has been brought.

A defendant who waives service must within the time specified on the waiver form serve on the plaintiff's attorney (or unrepresented plaintiff) a response to the complaint and must also file a signed copy of the response with the Court. If the answer or motion is not served within this time, a default judgment may be taken against that defendant. By waiving service, a defendant is allowed more time to answer than if the summons had been actually served when the request for waiver of service was received.

# DISTRICT COURT OF GUAM TERRITORY OF GUAM

Nanya Technology Corp.,

Civil Case No. 1:06-cv-00025

Plaintiff.

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SCHEDULING NOTICE

Fujitsu Limited, et al.,

Defendants.

Joseph C. Razzano Suite 2A, 130 Aspinall Avenue Hagama, GU 96910

John S. Unpingco Suite 12B, Sinajana Mall Sinajana, GU 96910

The Local Rules establish procedures for complying with Rules 16(b) and 26(f) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. Counsel should study the Local Rules before attempting to process cases in this Court.

Pursuant to Local Rules 16.1 and 16.2, it is hereby ORDERED that:

- 1. Counsel of record and all pro se litigants that have appeared in the case must meet and confer, within fifteen (15) days after receipt of this Notice, but no later than sixty (60) days after the filing of the complaint, prior to commencing discovery.
- 2. A proposed Scheduling Order and a proposed Discovery Plan shall be lodged on or before 11/27/2006. Careful and immediate attention should be given to the directions in Local Rules 16.1 and 16.2 to ensure complete and timely compliance with Federal Rules 16(b) and 26(f), and the Local Rules.
- 3. Counsel for the plaintiff, or if the plaintiff is pro se, then the pro se plaintiff, must take the lead in the preparation of the Scheduling Order. If a defendant is not contacted by a pro se plaintiff within the required time frame, the defendant's counsel shall contact the

Case 1:06-cv-00025 Document 2 Filed 10/12/2006 Page 2 of 2

pro se plaintiff and arrange a meeting to comply with this Rule in the appropriate time frame. The failure of a party or its counsel to participate in good faith in the framing of a Scheduling Order may result in the imposition of sanctions.

- 4. Counsel of record and all pro se litigants that have appeared in the case are jointly responsible for submitting a Proposed Discovery Plan to the Court.
- 5. A Scheduling Conference shall be held on Tuesday, December 12, 2006 at 10:00 AM in the 3rd Floor Chambers.
- 6. Counsel are reminded that:
  - a) The filing of motions does not postpone discovery.
  - b) Local Rule 37.1 governs discovery disputes and motions.
  - c) The number and form of interrogatories are governed by Local Rule 33.1.
- d) Discovery documents and certificates of service shall not be filed with the Clerk until there is a proceeding in which the document or proof of service is in issue.

Dated: October 12, 2006

/s/Mary L.M. Moran Clerk of Court

# EXHIBIT B

MILBANK, TWEED, HADLEY & McCLOY LLP Gregory Evans (State Bar No. 147623) 601 South Figueroa Street, 30th Floor Los Angeles, California 90017 Telephone: (213) 892-4000 Facsimile: (213) 629-5063 1 2 3 gevans@milbank.com 4 MILBANK, TWEED, HADLEY & McCLOY LLP Christopher E. Chalsen (Pro Hac Vice to be filed)
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Attorneys for Plaintiffs. 5 6 7 ORIGINAL FILED 8 OCT 24 2006 9 10 Attorneys for Plaintiffs, FUITTSU LIMITED and 11 FUILTSU MICROELECTRONICS AMERICA, INC. . 12 13 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 14 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 15 SAN JOSE DIVISION 16 FUJITSU LIMITED, a Japanese corporation, and FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS AMERICA, CASE NO. CV-06-17 COMPLAINT FOR PATENT 18 INFRINGEMENT AND DECLARATORY JUDGMENT INC., a California corporation, 19 Plaintiffs, DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL NANYA TECHNOLOGY CORP., a Taiwanese corporation, and NANYA TECHNOLOGY CORP. U.S.A., a 20 21 California corporation, 22 Defendants. 23 24 25 26 27 28

COMPLAINT

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Plaintiff Fujitsu Limited ("Fujitsu") and Fujitsu Microelectronics America, Inc. ("Fujitsu America") (collectively, "Plaintiffs"), for their complaint against Defendants Nanya Technology Corp. ("Nanya") and Nanya Technology Corp. U.S.A. ("Nanya USA") (collectively, "Defendants"), aver as follows:

#### THE PARTIES

- Fujitsu is a corporation organized and existing under the laws 1. of Japan. Fujitsu is a leading researcher, designer, manufacturer, and provider of information technology and communications products and services. As a result of its innovation, Fujitsu has been awarded various patents relating to computer memory products such as double-data-rate synchronous dynamic random access memory (DDR SDRAM) chips.
- Fujitsu America is a wholly owned subsidiary of Fujitsu, and is 2. a California corporation with headquarters and principal place of business at 1250 E. Arques Avenue, M/S 333, Sunnyvale, California 94088-3470.
- Defendant Nanya is a corporation organized and existing under 3. the laws of Taiwan, having its principal place of business at Hwa-Ya Technology Park 669, Fu Hsing 3rd Rd., Kueishan, Taoyuan, Taiwan, Republic of China. Upon information and belief, Nanya manufactures products, including the memory chips accused of infringement in this Complaint, for sale and importation into the United States directly through its own actions and indirectly by Defendant Nanya USA.
- Defendant Nanya USA is a corporation organized and existing 4. under the laws of the State of California, having its principal place of business at 675 East Brokaw Road, San Jose, CA 95112. Upon information and belief, Nanya USA is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Defendant Nanya, and has sold or sells products manufactured by Nanya or Nanya USA, including the memory chips accused of infringement in this Complaint, to customers in the State of California and elsewhere in the United States. Upon further information and belief, the

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accused memory chips are incorporated by customers of Nanya or Nanya USA, who are manufacturers of computers and other electronic devices, into computers and other electronic devices sold in the State of California, including customers located in this judicial district.

#### **JURISDICTION**

- This is an action arising under the Patent Laws of the United 5. States, Title 35 of the United States Code and the Declaratory Relief Act. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this action under 28 U.S.C. § 1338(a), which confers jurisdiction over cases of patent infringement, 28 U.S.C. § 1331, which confers federal question jurisdiction and 28 U.S.C. § 2201(a), which confers jurisdiction over declaratory judgment actions.
- This Court has general personal jurisdiction over Nanya USA 6. because Nanya USA is incorporated under the laws of the State of California and has its principal place of business in San Jose, California.
- This Court has personal jurisdiction over Nanya and Nanya 7. USA under California Code of Civil Procedure § 410.10, inter alia, on the basis that upon information and belief, Nanya and Nanya USA have sold, and continue to sell infringing memory chips to manufacturers of computers and other electronic devices in this District and elsewhere in the United States, who in turn have sold and continue to sell computers and other electronic devices containing the infringing memory chips to customers in this District and elsewhere in the United States. Upon further information and belief, Nanya, as 100% owner of Nanya USA, has been directing Nanya USA's sales activities. Upon information and belief, Nanya also knew that said manufacturers of computers and other electronic devices reside in this District and elsewhere in the United States, and would sell devices containing the infringing memory chips to customers in this District and elsewhere in the United States, and Nanya derived and continues to derive substantial revenue therefrom.

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## VENUE Venue is proper in this judicial district under 28 U.S.C. 8. §§ 1391(c) and 1400(b). INTRADISTRICT ASSIGNMENT Pursuant to Civil L.R. 3-2(c) and (e), the San Jose Division is 9. the proper division to be assigned this action, based on Nanya USA's residence in Santa Clara County as well as Nanya and Nanya USA's infringing activities in Santa Clara County. **FUJITSU'S PATENTS** Fujitsu is the assignee and owner of the following United States 10. patents ("Fujitsu's Patents"): a. U.S. Patent No. 4,801,989 ("the '989 patent", Exh. A hereto), entitled "Dynamic Random Access Memory Having Trench Capacitor With Polysilicon Lined Lower Electrode," which was duly and legally issued on January 31, 1989 to Masao Taguchi; b. U.S. Patent No. 6,104,486 ("the '486 patent", Exh. B hereto), entitled "Fabrication Process of a Semiconductor Device Using Ellipsometry," which was duly and legally issued on August 15, 2000 to Hiroshi Arimoto. c. U.S. Patent No. 6,292,428 B1 ("the '428 patent", Exh. C hereto), 20 entitled "Semiconductor Device Reconciling Different Timing Signals," which was duly and legally issued on September 18, 2001 to 22 Hiroshi Tomita and Tatsuya Kanda. 23 d. U.S. Patent No. 6,320,819 B2 ("the '819 patent", Exh. D hereto), 24 entitled "Semiconductor Device Reconciling Different Timing 25 Signals," which was duly and legally issued on November 20, 2001 to 26 Hiroshi Tomita and Tatsuya Kanda. 27 28

	NANYA'S PATENTS					
2	11. In a complaint filed by Nanya against Plaintiffs in Guam on					
3	September 13, 2006 (but not yet served), Civil Case No. 06-00025 ("the Guam					
4	Complaint"), Nanya purported to be the owner of all rights, title, and interest in					
5	and under the following United States patents ("Nanya's Patents"):					
6	a. U.S. Patent No. 6,790,765 ("the '765 patent", Exh. E hereto), titled					
7	"Method For Forming Contact";					
8	b. U.S. Patent No. 6,225,187 ("the '187 patent", Exh. F hereto), entitled					
9	"Method For STI-Top Rounding Control";					
10	c. U.S. Patent No. 6,426,271 ("the '271 patent", Exh. G hereto), entitled					
11	"Method Of Rounding The Comer Of A Shallow Trench Isolation					
12	Region."					
13	<ol><li>The Guam Complaint asserts Nanya's Patents against Plaintiffs.</li></ol>					
14	13. By virtue of Nanya's actions, Plaintiffs reasonably believe that					
15	Nanya imminently intends to pursue against them an infringement action involving					
16	Nanya's Patents.					
17	14. Plaintiffs deny that they infringe any valid claim of any of the					
18	Nanya Patents.					
19	15. An actual and justiciable controversy exists between Nanya and					
20	Plaintiffs concerning whether Plaintiffs infringe any valid claim of the Nanya					
21	Patents. Plaintiffs now seek a declaratory judgment that they do not infringe any					
22	valid claim of the Nanya Patents, and that the claims of the Nanya Patents are					
23	invalid.					
24	FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF					
25	(Infringement of the '989 Patent)					
26	16. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate by reference herein each of					
27	the averments set forth in paragraphs 1-10 of this Complaint.					
20	R.					

- 17. Nanya and Nanya USA have been and still are infringing one or more claims of the '989 patent by making, using, offering for sale, selling and/or importing into the United States memory chips and by causing use, offer for sale and sale of computers and other electronic devices containing memory chips.

  Infringing memory chips made, used, sold, offered for sale or imported by Nanya and Nanya USA include at least Nanya's 256M DDR SDRAM (e.g., part no. NT5D64M4AT). On information and belief, there are additional infringing memory chips.
- 18. Nanya and Nanya USA's actions constitute infringement, active inducement of infringement, and/or contributory infringement of the '989 patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271.
- 19. Fujitsu has sustained damages and will continue to sustain damages as a result of the aforesaid acts of infringement.
- 20. Nanya and Nanya USA's continued infringement of the '989 patent has caused and will continue to cause Fujitsu irreparable harm unless enjoined by the Court.
- 21. On information and belief, Nanya and Nanya USA's infringements of the '989 patent have been willful.

# SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF (Infringement of the '486 Patent)

- 22. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate by reference herein each of the averments set forth in paragraphs 1-10 of this Complaint.
- 23. Nanya and Nanya USA have been and still are infringing one or more claims of the '486 patent by making, using, offering for sale, selling and/or importing into the United States memory chips and by causing use, offer for sale and sale of computers and other electronic devices containing memory chips.

  Upon information and belief, infringing memory chips made, used, sold, offered for sale or imported by Nanya and Nanya USA include at least the following:

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enjoined by the Court.

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1	Graphic (Elixir); 512M DDR2 SDRAM Graphic (Elixir); 512M DDR UDIMM;
2	1G DDR UDIMM; 512M DDR SODIMM; 1G DDR SODIMM; 512M DDR
3	RDIMM; 1G DDR RDIMM; 2G DDR RDIMM; 256M DDR2 UDIMM; 512M
4	DDR2 UDIMM; 1G DDR2 UDIMM; 2G DDR2 UDIMM; 256M DDR2
5	SODIMM; 512M DDR2 SODIMM; 1G DDR2 SODIMM; 512M DDR2 RDIMM;
6	1G DDR2 RDIMM; 2G DDR2 RDIMM; 512M DDR2 FBDIMM; 1G DDR2
7	FBDIMM; 2G DDR2 FBDIMM; 512M DDR SDRAM SODIMM (Elixir); 128M
8	DDR SDRAM Unbuffered DIMM (Elixir); 512M DDR SDRAM Unbuffered
9	DIMM (Elixir); 1G DDR SDRAM Unbuffered DIMM (Elixir); 256M DDR2
10	SDRAM SO DIMM (Elixir); 512M DDR2 SDRAM SO DIMM (Elixir); 1G DDR2
11	SDRAM SO DIMM (Elixir); 256M DDR2 SDRAM Unbuffered DIMM (Elixir);
12	512M DDR2 SDRAM Unbuffered DIMM (Elixir); 1G DDR2 SDRAM
13	Unbuffered DIMM (Elixir); 512M DDR SDRAM SO DIMM (Super Elixir); 1G
14	DDR SDRAM SO DIMM (Super Elixir); 128M DDR SDRAM Unbuffered DIMM
15	(Super Elixir); 512M DDR SDRAM Unbuffered DIMM (Super Elixir); 1G DDR
16	SDRAM Unbuffered DIMM (Super Elixir); 256M DDR2 SDRAM SO DIMM
17	(Super Elixir); 512M DDR2 SDRAM SO DIMM (Super Elixir); 1G DDR2
18	SDRAM SO DIMM (Super Elixir); 256M DDR2 SDRAM Unbuffered DIMM
19	(Super Elixir); 512M DDR2 SDRAM Unbuffered DIMM (Super Elixir); and 1G
20	DDR2 SDRAM Unbuffered DIMM (Super Elixir).
21	30. Nanya and Nanya USA's actions constitute infringement, active
22	inducement of infringement, and/or contributory infringement of the '428 patent in
23	violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271.
24	31. Fujitsu has sustained damages and will continue to sustain
25	damages as a result of the aforesaid acts of infringement.
26	32. Nanya and Nanya USA's continued infringement of the '428

patent has caused and will continue to cause Fujitsu irreparable harm unless

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On information and belief, Nanya and Nanya USA's 33. infringements of the '428 patent have been willful. FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF (Infringement of the '819 Patent) Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate by reference herein each of 34. the averments set forth in paragraphs 1-10 of this Complaint. Nanya and Nanya USA have been and still are infringing one or 35. more claims of the '819 patent by making, using, offering for sale, selling and/or importing into the United States memory chips and causing use, offer for sale and sale of computers and other electronic devices containing memory chips. Infringing memory chips made, used, sold, offered for sale or imported by Nanya and Nanya USA include at least the 256M DDR SDRAM (e.g., part no. NT5D64M4AT). On information and belief, Defendants' additional infringing memory chips include at least the following: 128M DDR SDRAM; 512M DDR SDRAM; 512M DDR2 SDRAM; 1G DDR2 SDRAM; 128M DDR SDRAM Graphic (Elixir); 512M DDR SDRAM Graphic (Elixir); 256M DDR2 SDRAM Graphic (Elixir); 512M DDR2 SDRAM Graphic (Elixir); 512M DDR UDIMM; 1G DDR UDIMM; 512M DDR SODIMM; 1G DDR SODIMM; 512M DDR RDIMM; 1G DDR RDIMM; 2G DDR RDIMM; 256M DDR2 UDIMM; 512M DDR2 UDIMM; 1G DDR2 UDIMM; 2G DDR2 UDIMM; 256M DDR2 SODIMM; 512M DDR2 SODIMM; 1G DDR2 SODIMM; 512M DDR2 RDIMM; 1G DDR2 RDIMM; 2G DDR2 RDIMM; 512M DDR2 FBDIMM; 1G DDR2 FBDIMM; 2G DDR2 FBDIMM; 512M DDR SDRAM SODIMM (Elixir); 128M DDR SDRAM Unbuffered DIMM (Elixir); 512M DDR SDRAM Unbuffered DIMM (Elixir); 1G DDR SDRAM Unbuffered DIMM (Elixir); 256M DDR2

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512M DDR2 SDRAM Unbuffered DIMM (Elixir); 1G DDR2 SDRAM

SDRAM SO DIMM (Elixir); 512M DDR2 SDRAM SO DIMM (Elixir); 1G DDR2

SDRAM SO DIMM (Elixir); 256M DDR2 SDRAM Unbuffered DIMM (Elixir);

**COMPLAINT** 

COMPLAINT

1	Unbuffered DIMM (Elixir); 512M DDR SDRAM SO DIMM (Super Elixir); 1G				
2	DDR SDRAM SO DIMM (Super Elixir); 128M DDR SDRAM Unbuffered DIMM				
3	(Super Elixir); 512M DDR SDRAM Unbuffered DIMM (Super Elixir); 1G DDR				
4	SDRAM Unbuffered DIMM (Super Elixir); 256M DDR2 SDRAM SO DIMM				
5	(Super Elixir); 512M DDR2 SDRAM SO DIMM (Super Elixir); 1G DDR2				
6	SDRAM SO DIMM (Super Elixir); 256M DDR2 SDRAM Unbuffered DIMM				
7	(Super Elixir); 512M DDR2 SDRAM Unbuffered DIMM (Super Elixir); and 1G				
8	DDR2 SDRAM Unbuffered DIMM (Super Elixir).				
9	36. Nanya and Nanya USA's actions constitute infringement, active				
10	inducement of infringement, and/or contributory infringement of the '819 patent in				
11	violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271.				
12	37. Fujitsu has sustained damages and will continue to sustain				
13	damages as a result of the aforesaid acts of infringement.				
14	38. Nanya and Nanya USA's continued infringement of the '819				
15	patent has caused and will continue to cause Fujitsu irreparable harm unless				
16	enjoined by the Court.				
17	39. On information and belief, Nanya and Nanya USA's				
18	infringements of the '819 patent have been willful.				
19	FIFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF				
20	(Declaratory Judgment of Noninfringement regarding the '765 Patent)				
21	40. Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate by reference herein each of				
22	the averments set forth in paragraphs 1-15 of this Complaint.				
23	41. Plaintiffs are not directly infringing, contributorily infringing,				
24	or actively inducing others to infringe any valid claim of the '765 patent as				
25	properly construed.				
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#### SIXTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

# (Declaratory Judgment of Invalidity regarding the '765 Patent)

- Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate by reference herein each of 42. the averments set forth in paragraphs 1-15 of this Complaint.
- The '765 patent is invalid for failing to satisfy the conditions 43. for patentability set forth in Title 35 of the United States Code, including but not limited to sections 102, 103, and/or 112.

#### SEVENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

# (Declaratory Judgment of Noninfringement regarding the '187 patent)

- Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate by reference herein each of 44. the averments set forth in paragraphs 1-15 of this Complaint.
- Plaintiffs are not directly infringing, contributorily infringing, or actively inducing others to infringe any valid claim of the '187 patent as properly construed.

#### EIGHTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

# (Declaratory Judgment of Invalidity regarding the '187 patent)

- Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate by reference herein each of the averments set forth in paragraphs 1-15 of this Complaint,
- The '187 patent is invalid for failing to satisfy the conditions for patentability set forth in Title 35 of the United States Code, including but not limited to sections 102, 103, and/or 112.

#### NINTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

## (Declaratory Judgment of Noninfringement regarding the '271 patent)

- Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate by reference herein each of the averments set forth in paragraphs 1-15 of this Complaint.
- Plaintiffs are not directly infringing, contributorily infringing, 49. or actively inducing others to infringe any valid claim of the '271 patent as properly construed.

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#### TENTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF (Declaratory Judgment of Invalidity regarding the '271 patent) Plaintiffs re-allege and incorporate by reference herein each of 50. 3 the averments set forth in paragraphs 1-15 of this Complaint. 4 The '271 patent is invalid for failing to satisfy the conditions 51. for patentability set forth in Title 35 of the United States Code, including but not 6 limited to sections 102, 103, and/or 112. 7 PRAYER FOR RELIEF 8 WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs prays that this Court enter judgment in its 9 favor and against Defendants and grant the following relief: 10 A preliminary and permanent injunction preventing further 11 infringement, contributory infringement and inducement of infringement of 12 Fuiitsu's Patents; 13 An accounting to determine damages for infringement; B. 14 An award of damages for infringement; C. 15 An assessment and award of interest, including pre-judgment D. 16 interest, on the damages determined; 17 A trebling of those damages pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 284; E. 18 A declaration that Plaintiffs do not infringe any valid claim of F. 19 any of the Nanya Patents. 20 A declaration that the claims of the Nanya Patents asserted G. 21 against Plaintiffs are invalid. 22 A finding that this is an exceptional case and an award of H. 23 Plaintiffs' costs and attorney fees; and 24 Such other and further relief as this Court deems just and I. 25 proper. 26

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL 1 Plaintiffs hereby demand a trial by jury as to all claims and all issues 2 properly triable thereby. 3 Respectfully submitted, 4 5 By: 6 Dated: October 23, 2006 Milbank, Tweek, Hadley & McCloy 7 Gregory Evans (State Bar No. 8 147623) 601 South Figueroa Street, 30th Floor 9 Los Angeles, California 90017 10 Telephone: (213) 892-4000 Facsimile: (213) 629-5063 11 12 Milbank, Tweed, Hadley & McCloy LLP 13 Christopher E. Chalsen Michael M. Murray 14 Lawrence T. Kass Frank A. Bruno 15 1 Chase Manhattan Plaza New York, NY 10005 Telephone: (212) 530-5000 Facsimile: (212) 530-5219 16 17 18 Attorneys for Plaintiffs FUJITSU LIMITED and 19 **FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS** AMERICA, INC. 20 LA1:#6334633 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 12 COMPLAINT

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# United States District Court NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA



FUJITSU LIMITED, and FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS AMERICA, INC. SUMMONS IN A CIVIL CASE

CASE NUMBER:

NANYA TECHNOLOGY CORP., and NANYA TECHNOLOGY CORP. U.S.A.

TO: (Name and address of defendant)

NANYA TECHNOLOGY CORP. U.S.A. 675 East Brokaw Road San Jose, CA 95112

YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED and required to serve upon PLAINTIFF'S ATTORNEY (name and address)

Christopher E. Chelsen, Esq. Milbank, Tweed, Hadley & McCloy LLP 1 Chase Manhattan Plaza New York, NY 10017 (212) 530-5219 (facsimile)

an answer to the complaint which is herewith served upon you, within α days after service of this summoπs upon you, exclusive of the day of sarvice. If you fall to do so, judgement by default will be taken against you for the reflet demanded in the complaint. You must also file your answer with the Clerk of this Court within a reasonable period of time efter service.

# United States District Court 4DR NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

FUJITSU LIMITED, and FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS AMERICA, INC.

SUMMONS IN A CIVILLASE CASE NUMBER:

77

NANYA TECHNOLOGY CORP., and NANYA TECHNOLOGY CORP. U.S.A.

C06 06613 EDL

TO: (Name and address of defendant)

NANYA TECHNOLOGY CORP. Hwa-Ya Technology Part 669 Fu Hsing 3rd Rd. Kuelshan, Taoyuan Taiwan, Rapubile of China

YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED and required to serve upon PLAINTIFF'S ATTORNEY (name and address).

Christopher E. Cheisen, Esq. Milbank, Tweed, Hadley & McCloy LLP 1 Chase Manhattan Plaza New York, NY 10017 (212) 530-5219 (facsimile)

an answer to the complaint which is herewith served upon you, within 20 days after service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of service. If you fall to do so, judgement by default will be taken against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You must also file your answer with the Clerk of this Court within a reasonable period of time after service.

Richard W. Wieding

OCT 24 200

DATE\_\_

# EXHIBIT C

Milbank Tweed

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October 11, 2006

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### FOR SETTLEMENT PURPOSES ONLY - SUBJECT TO RULE 408 FAX: 68-8428-2500

BY FACSIMILE (214-593-9111) CONFIRMATION VIA FEDERAL EXPRESS

Michael W. Shore, Esq. Shore Chan Bragalone LLP 325 N. St. Paul Street Suite 4450 Dallas, Texas 75201

Re:

Fujitsu v. Nanya

Our Ref. 35068.02100

Dear Mr. Shore:

We are writing to you as counsel for Fujitsu Limited and are in receipt of your email letter of Sept. 19, 2006 addressed to Mr. Kitano. In the future, please address your communications regarding this matter to the undersigned.

Although Fujitsu appreciates your suggestion that the parties should work to reach an amicable settlement, Nanya's surprise filing of its complaint against Fujitsu in Guam in the middle of settlement discussions seems to contradict that approach. Moreover, by soliciting "settlement information" from Fujitsu during such discussions and then using that information in a publicly filed complaint, Nanya appears to have breached its express and implied confidentiality obligations to Fujitsu as well as misused the settlement procedures set up and supervised by the Tokyo District Court.

More particularly, the complaint Nanya filed against Fujitsu in Guam contains confidential Fujitsu settlement information relating to royalty rates, fees and selected patents that were disclosed to Nanya in confidence during the negotiations. Nanya and its attorneys had agreed in writing to keep such information confidential. (See the correspondence between Fujitsu and Nanya dated July 12, 2006.) This settlement information, which included Fujitsu trade secrets, thus should not have been disclosed to unspecified third parties through the filing of a complaint in federal court in the United States.

Michael W. Shore, Esq. October 11, 2006 Page 2

As such, Fujitsu requests a detailed explanation describing Nanya's position on this breach, particularly in view of Fujitsu's sincere provision of this information in response to Nanya's letter dated August 10, in which Nanya claimed that the purpose of its request was "for advance preparation to make the meeting a meaningful one, which will solve global patent issues." We look forward to hearing your views on this point. Meanwhile, Fujitsu reserves its right to take action to redress these violations.

Reverting to your letter of September 19, we note that your letter makes a number of statements about U.S. patent law and litigation procedure that are simply incorrect.

For example, you assert that "Fujitsu must file any case on the patents listed in the Nanya Guam suit in Guam Federal District Court as counterclaims to the Nanya claims for declaratory judgment addressing those same patents." This statement, inter alia, ignores the very real possibility that the Guam case will be dismissed. Fujitsu has many options for proceeding, if it chooses to.

You also assert that "since Fujitsu has never identified any other patents as infringed by Nanya, any case filed in any other court based on other patents would violate Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 11 (which requires an adequate pre-suit investigation prior to filing)". This is a non-sequitor, and in any event is simply not the law. Rule 11 does not require that notice of individual patent investigations must be provided in advance to a potential defendant. Thus, you cannot conclude that merely because Fujitsu may not have notified Nanya of any particular infringement situation, that this would preclude such additional assertions at this time or in the future. We further note that Nanya did not provide advance notice to Fujitsu of the alleged infringement of the three Nanya patents identified in the Guam complaint. Thus, not only is your understanding of Rule 11 incorrect, you seem to believe that Rule 11 does not apply to Nanya.

You next assert that "any claims based upon patents not identified in the last 7 years of negotiations would be presumed barred under United States law by the doctrine of laches." This statement is also plainly incorrect. In order for laches to potentially apply to a particular Fujitsu infringement claim, there must be: (1) an unreasonable and inexcusable delay in bringing suit after Fujitsu knew or should have known about the infringing activities; and (2) material prejudice by Nanya as a result of the delay. We are unaware of any facts that could support such an argument.

Your comments about the alleged estoppel effect of the 1997 ITC action against Samsung seem to be based on a theory that a complainant in the ITC has an obligation to identify all infringing products by all potential respondents anywhere in the world. However, there is in fact no such requirement in the ITC. Thus, the fact that Fujitsu did not name Nanya as a respondent in the 1997 ITC action does not raise an estoppel issue for any present action against Nanya.

Concerning damages and marking issues, you argue that "since Fujitsu has not placed Nanya on notice that any other United States patents are infringed (other than those listed in the

Michael W. Shore, Esq. October 11, 2006 Page 3

Guam suit), no past damages can be collected on any other patents, even assuming they are valid, enforceable and infringed." You further state that "Fujitsu has not marked its products with its patents identified to date, so again, no damages can be collected for past infringement on patents not yet identified." These statements are also incorrect. Actual notice to an infringer is required only under certain circumstances. For example, in the case of an apparatus claim, if the patent owner practices the invention and has failed to mark its products then actual notice may be required. However, patent marking requirements do not apply at all to method patents and do not apply to claims not practiced by the patent owner. Of course, marking and notice issues are not relevant to injunctive relief or to the collection of damages post-filing.

We hope this will serve as clarification of the points raised in your letter.

Sincerely yours,

Christopher E. Chalsen

ce: Mr. Shigeru Kitano Michael M. Murray, Esq.

NY2:#4710247

1/004

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